

7500P PHY Reference

Version 1.0.0



<http://www.wiznet.co.kr>

Table of Contents

1	Documentation conventions	4
1.1	Register Bit Conventions	4
2	Register Descriptions	5
2.1	Introduction	5
2.2	Register Map	5
2.2.1	Register Page mode Control Register	5
2.2.2	Control Register	5
2.2.3	Status Register	7
	Document History Information.....	9

List of table

Table 1 Register Map	5
Table 2 Page Mode Control Register	5
Table 3 Control Register	5
Table 4 Status Register.....	7

1 Documentation conventions

1.1 Register Bit Conventions

Each register is shown with a key indicating the accessibility of the each individual bit, and the initial condition:

Key	Bit Accessibility
RW	Read/Write
SC	Self-Clearing
RO	Read Only
LL	Latching Low
LH	Latching High
(TP)	for twisted pair operation
(FX)	for fiber operation
(e-fuse)	only available for IP101G(dice)

2 Register Descriptions

2.1 Introduction

7500P PHY is an IEEE 802.3/802.3u compliant single-port Fast Ethernet Transceiver for both 100Mbps and 10Mbps operation.

2.2 Register Map

Table 1 Register Map is a port of IP101G Registers.

Table 1 Register Map

Register	Description	Default
20	Page Control Register	0x0010
0	Control Register	0x3100
1	Status Register	0x7849

2.2.1 Register Page mode Control Register

This is the description of MII register 20, page control register.

The other bits are reserved. User is inhibited to access to these registers. It may introduce abnormal function to write these registers.

Table 2 Page Mode Control Register

PHY	MII	ROM	R/W	Description	Default
	20[4:0]		R/W	REG16-31_Page_Sel[4:0] Register Page Select	0x10

2.2.2 Control Register

This is the description of MII register 0, control register.

Table 3 Control Register

Bit	Name	Description	Default value (h):3100
15	Reset	When set, this action will bring both status and control register of the PHY to default state. This bit is self-clearing.	0, RW/SC

		<p>1 = Software reset 0 = Normal operation</p>	
14	Loopback	<p>This bit enables loopback of transmit data to the receive data path, i.e., TXD to RXD. 1 = enable loopback 0 = normal operation</p>	0, RW
13	Speed Selection	<p>This bit sets the speed of transmission. 1 = 100Mbps 0 = 10Mbps After completing auto-negotiation, this bit will reflect the speed status.(1: 100Mbps, 0: 10Mbps)</p>	1, RW
12	Auto-Negotiation Enable	<p>This bit determines the auto-negotiation function. 1 = enable auto-negotiation; bits 13 and 8 will be ignored. 0 = disable auto-negotiation; bit 13 and 8 will determine the link speed and the data transfer mode, under this condition.</p>	1, RW(TP) 0, RO(FX)
11	Power Down	<p>This bit will turn down the power of the PHY chip and the internal crystal oscillator circuit if this bit is enabled. The MDC and MDIO are still activated for accessing to the MAC. 1 = power down 0 = normal operation</p>	0, RW
10	Isolate	<p>1 = electrically Isolate PHY from MII but not isolate MDC and MDIO</p>	0, RW
9	Restart Auto-Negotiation	<p>This bit allows the auto-negotiation function to be reset. 1 = restart auto-negotiation 0 = normal operation</p>	0, RW/SC
8	Duplex Mode	<p>This bit sets the duplex mode if auto-negotiation is disabled (bit 12 = 0) 1 = full duplex 0 = half duplex After completing auto-negotiation, this bit will reflect the duplex status.(1:Full duplex, 0:Half duplex)</p>	1, RW
7	Collision Test	<p>1 = enable COL signal test</p>	0, RW

6:0	Reserved		0, RO
-----	----------	--	-------

2.2.3 Status Register

This is the description of MII register 1, status register.

Table 4 Status Register

Bit	Name	Description/usage	Default value (h):3100
15	100Base-T4	1 = enable 100Base-T4 support 0 = suppress 100Base-T4	0, RO
14	100Base-TX Full Duplex	1 = enable 100Base-TX full duplex support 0 = suppress 100Base-TX full duplex support	1, RO
13	100Base-TX Half Duplex	1 = enable 100Base-TX half duplex support 0 = suppress 100Base-TX half duplex support	1, RO
12	10Base-T Full Duplex	1 = enable 10Base-T full duplex support 0 = suppress 10Base-T full duplex support	1, RO
11	10Base-T Half Duplex	1 = enable 10Base-T half duplex support 0 = suppress 10Base-T half duplex support	1, RO
10:7	Reserved		
6	MF Preamble Suppression	The IP101G will accept management frames with preamble suppressed. The IP101G accepts management frames without preamble. A Minimum of 32 preamble bits is required for the first SMI read/write transaction after reset. One idle bit is required between any two management transactions as per IEEE802.3u specifications.	1, RO
5	Auto- Negotiation Complete	1 = auto-negotiation process completed 0 = auto-negotiation process not completed	0, RO
4	Remote Fault	1 = remote fault condition detected(cleared on read) 0 = no remote fault condition detected	0, RO/LH
3	Auto- Negotiation	1 = able to perform auto-negotiation 0 = unable to perform auto-negotiation	1, RO
2	Link Status	1 = valid link established 0 = no valid link established	0, RO/LL

1	Jabber Detect	1 = jabber condition detected 0 = no jabber condition detected	0, RO/LH
0	Extended Capability	1 = extended register capability 0 = basic register capability only	1, RO

Document History Information

Version	Date	Descriptions
Ver. 1.0.0	19APR2016	Initial Release

Copyright Notice

Copyright 2015 WIZnet Co., Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

Technical Support: <http://wizwiki.net/forum>

Sales & Distribution: sales@wiznet.co.kr

For more information, visit our website at <http://www.wiznet.co.kr>